2018 Articles of the year

This talk covers 7 positive emergency medicine papers from the last year. The full lecture notes for this talk, including study details and further resources, can be found online: https://first10em.com/emu2018/

April MD, Oliver JJ, Davis WT et al. **Aromatherapy Versus Oral Ondansetron for Antiemetic Therapy Among Adult Emergency Department Patients: A Randomized Controlled Trial.** Annals of Emergency Medicine. 2018.

Bottom line: This small, single-center study demonstrated that inhaled isopropyl alcohol reduced nausea at 30 minutes.

Roldan CJ, Chambers KA, Paniagua L, Patel S, Cardenas-Turanzas M, Chathampally Y. **Randomized Controlled Double-blind Trial Comparing Haloperidol Combined With Conventional Therapy to Conventional Therapy Alone in Patients With Symptomatic Gastroparesis.** Academic emergency medicine. 2017. PMID: 28646590

Bottom line: This small RCT demonstrated that haloperidol reduced nausea, pain, and admission rates in patients with known gastroparesis.

Driver BE et al. **Flush Rate Oxygen for Emergency Airway Preoxygenation.** Annals of emergency medicine. 2017; 69(1):1-6. PMID: <u>27522310</u>

Bottom line: This cross-over trial in healthy volunteers demonstrated that flush rate oxygen was the best method for pre-oxygenation.

Aycock RD, Westafer LM, Boxen JL, Majlesi N, Schoenfeld EM, Bannuru RR. Acute Kidney Injury After Computed Tomography: A Meta-analysis. Annals of emergency medicine. 2018; 71(1):44-53.e4. PMID: 28811122

Bottom line: This systematic review and meta-analysis demonstrated no association between contrast CTs and acute kidney injury.

Unneby A, Svensson O, Gustafson Y, Olofsson B. **Femoral nerve block in a representative sample of elderly people with hip fracture: A randomised controlled trial.** Injury. 2017; 48(7):1542-1549. PMID: 28501287

Bottom line: This RCT remonstrated a modest improvement in pain and significant reduction in opioid use when femoral nerve blocks were used in elderly patients with hip fractures.

Thelle A et al. **Randomised comparison of needle aspiration and chest tube drainage in spontaneous pneumothorax**. The European respiratory journal. 2017; 49(4). PMID: <u>28404647</u>

Bottom line: This RCT demonstrated shorter length of stay when needle aspiration was used instead of a chest tube to manage spontaneous pneumothorax.

Jiang N, Cao ZH, Ma YF, Lin Z, Yu B. **Management of Pediatric Forearm Torus Fractures: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis.** Pediatric emergency care. 2016; 32(11):773-778. PMID: 26555307

Bottom line: This systematic review and meta-analysis concludes that non-rigid immobilization is better than a rigid cast in the management of pediatric forearm buckle fractures.